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8	IN THE UNITED ST	TATES DISTRICT COURT
9	FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
10		
11	RONALD EUGENE JAMES,	No. 2:21-CV-1005-TLN-DMC-P
12	Petitioner,	
13	v.	FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS
14	PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF	
15	CALIFORNIA,	
16	Respondent.	
17		
18	Petitioner, a pre-trial detainee proceeding pro se, brings this petition for a writ of	
19	habeas corpus under 28 U.S.C. § 2254. Pending before the Court is Petitioner's amended petition	
20	for a writ of habeas corpus, ECF No. 15, filed as of right and which supersedes the amended	
21	petition at ECF No. 14.	
22	Rule 4 of the Federal Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases provides for summary	
23	dismissal of a habeas petition "[i]f it plainly appears from the face of the petition and any exhibits	
24	annexed to it that the petitioner is not entitled to relief in the district court." In the instant case, it	
25	is plain that Petitioner is not entitled to federal habeas relief.	
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Petitioner makes clear that he is a pre-trial detainee awaiting a trial in state court
on criminal charges. See ECF No. 15, pg. 2. Petitioner appears to be raising various
constitutional claims relating to his arrest and the resulting underlying criminal prosecution.
Principles of comity and federalism require that this Court abstain and not entertain Petitioner's
pre-conviction habeas challenge unless he shows that: (1) he has exhausted available state
judicial remedies, and (2) "special circumstances" warrant federal intervention. <u>See Carden v.</u>
Montana, 626 F.2d 82, 83-84 (9th Cir.1980). Only in cases of proven harassment or prosecutions
undertaken by state officials in bad faith without hope of obtaining a valid conviction and limited
other special circumstances where irreparable injury can be shown is federal injunctive relief
against pending state prosecutions appropriate. <u>See id.</u> at 84 (citing <u>Perez v. Ledesma</u> , 401 U.S.
82, 85 (1971)). In his amended petition, Petitioner makes no such showing of "special
circumstances" warranting federal intervention before the trial is held and any appeal is
completed. See id.

Accordingly, this Court should abstain and dismiss this action without prejudice. The alleged problems that Petitioner claims he is enduring are matters that can and should be addressed in the first instance by the trial court, and then by the state appellate courts, before he seeks a federal writ of habeas corpus.

Based on the foregoing, the undersigned recommends that Petitioner's amended petition for a writ of habeas corpus, ECF No. 15, be summarily dismissed.

These findings and recommendations are submitted to the United States District Judge assigned to the case, pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(l). Within 14 days after being served with these findings and recommendations, any party may file written objections with the court. Responses to objections shall be filed within 14 days after service of objections. Failure to file objections within the specified time may waive the right to appeal. See Martinez v. Ylst, 951 F.2d 1153 (9th Cir. 1991).

<u>Martinez v. 1150,</u> 7511.201155 (7th Ch. 17

Dated: August 27, 2021

DENNIS M. COTA
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE